HOUSE BILL No. 1430

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-31.5-2-215; IC 35-50-2.

Synopsis: Criminal enhancements for using firearms in crimes. Permits a court to impose: (1) an additional fixed term of five to 20 years if a person uses a firearm in the commission of a felony; (2) an additional fixed term of up to 20 years if a person possesses a firearm while committing any offense; and (3) a subsequent additional fixed term of five years if the firearm is stolen. Specifies that a court may not impose two sentencing enhancements for possessing and using a firearm, but that the court may impose an additional enhancement if the firearm is stolen. Provides that the sentencing enhancements are nonsuspendible. Repeals an overlapping firearms enhancement provision.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Lucas

 $January\ 14,2015, read\ first\ time\ and\ referred\ to\ Committee\ on\ Courts\ and\ Criminal\ Code.$



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1430

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 35-31.5-2-215, AS ADDED BY P.L.114-2012,
2	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 215. (a) Except as provided in subsections
4	subsection (b), and (c), "offense" means a crime. The term does not
5	include an infraction.
6	(b) "Offense", for purposes of IC 35-38-7, has the meaning set forth
7	in IC 35-38-7-3.
8	(c) "Offense", for purposes of IC 35-50-2-11, has the meaning set
9	forth in IC 35-50-2-11(b).
10	SECTION 2. IC 35-50-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.152-2014
11	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "firearm" has the
13	meaning set forth in IC 35-47-1-5.
14	(b) As used in this section, "offense" means:
15	(1) a felony under IC 35-42 that resulted in death or serious bodily



1	injury;
2	(2) kidnapping; or
3	(3) criminal confinement as a Level 2 or Level 3 felony.
4	(c) (b) The state may seek, on a page separate from the rest of a
5	charging instrument, to have a person who allegedly committed an
6	offense a felony sentenced to an additional fixed term of imprisonment
7	if the state can show beyond a reasonable doubt that the person
8	knowingly or intentionally used a firearm in the commission of the
9	offense. felony.
10	(c) The state may seek, on a page separate from the rest of a
11	charging instrument, to have a person who allegedly committed an
12	offense sentenced to an additional fixed term of imprisonment if
13	the state can show beyond a reasonable doubt that:
14	(1) the person possessed a firearm while committing the
15	offense; and
16	(2) the person possessed the firearm at a location other than
17	on real property that the person owns or in which the person
18	has a contractual interest.
19	(d) If the state seeks to have a person sentenced to an additional
20	fixed term under subsection (b) or (c), the state may seek to have
21	that person sentenced to a subsequent additional fixed term of
22	imprisonment if, after showing beyond a reasonable doubt the facts
23	necessary to have the person sentenced to an additional fixed term
24	under subsection (b) or (c), the state can show beyond a reasonable
25	doubt that the firearm described in subsection (b) or (c) was stolen.
26	(d) (e) If the person was convicted of the offense in a jury trial, the
27	jury shall reconvene to hear evidence in the enhancement hearing. If
28	the trial was to the court, or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea,
29	the court alone shall hear evidence in the enhancement hearing. If the
30	state seeks a subsequent additional enhancement under subsection
31	(d), the jury or court shall hear evidence on the subsequent
32	additional enhancement under subsection (d) only after:
33	(1) hearing evidence on an additional enhancement under
34	subsection (b) or (c); and
35	(2) finding beyond a reasonable doubt the facts necessary to
36	have the person sentenced to an additional fixed term under
37	subsection (b) or (c).
38	(e) (f) If the jury (if the hearing is by jury) or the court (if the
39	hearing is to the court alone) finds that the state has proved beyond a
40	reasonable doubt that the person knowingly or intentionally used a
41	firearm in the commission of the offense, felony as described in

subsection (b), the court may sentence the person to an additional



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1	fixed term of imprisonment of between five (5) years and twenty (20)
2	years.
3	(g) If the jury (if the hearing is by jury) or the court (if the
4	hearing is to the court alone) finds that the state has proved beyond
5	a reasonable doubt that:
6	(1) the person possessed a firearm while committing the
7	offense; and
8	(2) the person possessed the firearm at a location other than
9	on real property that the person owns or in which the person
10	has a contractual interest;
11	as described in subsection (c), the court may sentence the person to
12	an additional fixed term of imprisonment of not more than twenty
13	(20) years.
14	(h) If, after finding that the state has proved beyond a
15	reasonable doubt the facts necessary to impose an additional fixed
16	term under subsection (b) or (c), the jury (if the hearing is by jury)
17	or the court (if the hearing is to the court alone) finds that the state
18	has proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the firearm used or
19	possessed under subsection (b) or (c) was stolen, as described in
20	subsection (d), the court may sentence the person to a subsequent
21	additional fixed term of five (5) years.
22	(i) A court may impose only one (1) additional fixed term under
23	subsections (b) and (c). However, a court may impose a subsequent
24	additional fixed term under subsection (d) and an additional fixed
25	term under subsection (b) or (c). If a court imposes an additional
26	fixed term under subsection (b) or (c), and a subsequent additional
27	fixed term under subsection (d), the subsequent additional term
28	under subsection (d) shall be served consecutively to the additional
29	fixed term under subsection (b) or (c).
30	(j) An additional fixed term or subsequent additional fixed term
31	under subsection (b), (c), or (d) is nonsuspendible.
32	SECTION 3. IC 35-50-2-13 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
33	2015]. Sec. 13. (a) The state may seek, on a page separate from the rest
34	of a charging instrument, to have a person who allegedly committed an
35	offense of dealing in a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-1
36	through IC 35-48-4-4 sentenced to an additional fixed term of
37	imprisonment if the state can show beyond a reasonable doubt that the
38	person knowingly or intentionally:
39	(1) used a firearm; or
40	(2) possessed a:
41	(A) handgun in violation of IC 35-47-2-1;
42	(B) sawed-off shotgun in violation of IC 35-47-5-4.1; or



1	(C) machine gun in violation of IC 35-47-5-8;
2	while committing the offense.
3	(b) If the person was convicted of the offense in a jury trial, the jury
4	shall reconvene to hear evidence in the enhancement hearing. If the
5	trial was to the court, or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea, the
6	court alone shall hear evidence in the enhancement hearing.
7	(c) If the jury (if the hearing is by jury) or the court (if the hearing
8	is to the court alone) finds that the state has proved beyond a
9	reasonable doubt that the person knowingly or intentionally committed
10	an offense as described in subsection (a), the court may sentence the
11	person to an additional fixed term of imprisonment of not more than
12	five (5) years, except as follows:
13	(1) If the firearm is a sawed-off shotgun, the court may sentence
14	the person to an additional fixed term of imprisonment of not
15	more than ten (10) years.
16	(2) If the firearm is a machine gun or is equipped with a firearm
17	silencer or firearm muffler, the court may sentence the person to
18	an additional fixed term of imprisonment of not more than twenty
19	(20) years. The additional sentence under this subdivision is in
20	addition to any additional sentence imposed under section 11 of
21	this chapter for use of a firearm in the commission of an offense.

